1 NO 1 TO 1110

Amendments to the Claims

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application.

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method for down-converting an electromagnetic signal, comprising the steps of:
- (1) simultaneously down-converting and performing a matched filtering/correlating operation on a portion of an initially received carrier signal, wherein said down-converting and said performing a matched filtering/correlating operation are performed in a single operation;
- (2) accumulating the result of the matched filtering/correlating operation of step (1); and
- (3) repeating steps (1) and (2) for additional portions of the carrier signal, wherein step (1) comprises the step of convolving an approximate half cycle of the carrier signal with a representation of itself.

2. (Cancelled)

- 3. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein step (1) comprises the step of multiplying [[an]] said approximate half cycle of the carrier signal by itself over a predetermined time interval and integrating over the predetermined time interval.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, where $S_0(t)$ is an output of the matched filtering/correlating operation, k is a constant, $S_i(t)$ is [[an]] <u>said</u> approximate half cycle of the carrier signal, and t_0 -0 is a predetermined time interval, and wherein step (1) comprises the step of processing [[an]] <u>said</u> approximate half cycle of the carrier signal in accordance with:

$$S_0(t) = k \int_0^{t_0} S_i^2(t) dt.$$

Reply to Office Action of April 30, 2008

Compression

5. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, where S₀(t) is an output of the matched filtering/correlating operation, k is a constant, $kS_i(t_0-\tau)$ is an impulse response of a matched filtering/correlating operator, to is a predetermined observation time, $u(\tau)$ is a step function, and S_i (t- τ) is [[an]] said approximate half cycle of the carrier signal, and wherein step (1) comprises the step of processing the approximate half cycle of the carrier signal in accordance with:

$$S_0(t) = \int_0^\infty \Big(k S_i \Big(t_0 - \tau \Big) u(\tau) \Big) S_i(t - \tau) d\tau.$$

- 6. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein step (2) comprises the step of transferring a portion of the energy contained in [[an]] said approximate half cycle of the carrier signal to an energy storage device.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1, wherein step (2) comprises the step of transferring a portion of the energy contained in [[an]] said approximate half cycle of the carrier signal to a capacitive storage device.
- 8. (Original) The method according to claim 1, further comprising the step of:
 - (4)passing on the accumulation result of step (2) to a reconstruction filter.
- 9. (Original) The method according to claim 1, further comprising the step of:
 - **(4)** passing on the accumulation result of step (2) to an interpolation filter.
- 10. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein step (3) comprises the step of repeating steps (1) and (2) at a sub-harmonic rate of the carrier signal.

Reply to Office Action of April 30, 2008

- 11. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein step (3) comprises the step of repeating steps (1) and (2) at an off-set of a sub-harmonic rate of the carrier signal.
- 12. (Original) The method according to claim 1, further comprising the step of:
- (4) performing steps (1), (2), and (3) for positive approximate half cycles of the carrier signal and for inverted negative approximate half cycles of the carrier signal.

13-74. (Canceled)